Indian Journal of Aerospace Medicine

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(vi) Type of article indicated as needed


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Seaman WB. The case of the pancreatic pseudocyst. Hosp Pract 1981; 16 (sep) ; 24-5.

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(xi) Conference Papers


(xii) Conference proceedings


(xiii) Scientific or technical report


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(xv) Dissertation or Thesis

(xvi) Newspaper Articles

(xvii) Magazine Articles

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Use metric measurements – cm, m, g, kg, mL, L, No periods, no plural form (eg. ‘10 cm’ not ‘10 cms’). Use ‘radiograph’, ‘radiographic’ and ‘radiographical’ not ‘x-ray’, ‘skigram’ and ‘roentgenogram’. ‘Significant’ should be reserved for use in the statistical sense. Avoid names and initials of the patients and dates. Avoid small articles on single individual aspect of the subject, when one larger article discussing all the aspects of the subject, when one larger article discussing all the aspects would carry more weight. Avoid unfamiliar abbreviations, medical jargon and passive voice. Avoid duplication and repetition of material in Results and discussion, in Tables and Text and in Text and Legends.

9. Manuscript for various types of articles :

(a) Original Articles : These are scientific communications from research workers engaged in the field of medicine. The articles pertaining to the field of military medicine and those of general interest are published on priority.
Format — Abstract (See 7 (b) above). Introduction should describe the importance and aim of the study. Methods should describe the research plan, the subject and the method used in that order explaining in detail the modus operandi for confirmation of disease and control of subjectivity. Data in tables or figures should not be duplicated in text; however, important observations may be highlighted. Inference should be based on relevant statistical analysis. Discussion should include the limitations of the research plan, material and methods, considering both the purpose and the outcome of the study. Discrepancies from previous studies should be explained.

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A case report should communicate a message that transcends the individual patient and should describe rare interesting facets of a particular disease or an unusual entity. The introductory paragraph should give general background and the specific interest of the case. In a series only one case should be described in detail and only salient features in other cases should be mentioned. Discussion should highlight unusual features of the case report and should not be a review of literature.

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These are invited from experts in the field. Authors are requested to consult the Editor-in-Chief for prior approval of the topic.

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These should be brief offering objective and constructive criticism of published articles. These should be written on a non-letter head paper without greeting, salutation or signature. The name and affiliation should appear at the end of the letter. A short and pertinent title should be given. These should be accompanied by a covering letter.

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11. BIBLIOGRAPHY


Ohri VC. Points to ponder for writing an article. Medical Journal Armed Forces India 1994; 50; 161-2.
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